

VETERANS' PARADE CLOSES REUNION

Old Soldiers Reply to Cheers of Thousands With the "Rebel Yell."

WARM TRIBUTE TO WOMEN

Committee on Elson's History Later Will Make Public Its Report.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Newport News, Va., October 19.—Fired by the spirit of '61, upwards of 300 gray-clad veterans of the Confederate Army marched in review before 20,000 people here to-day, in the grand parade which marked the close of the annual reunion of the Virginia Grand Camp. All along the two miles of the march throngs clapped and cheered the veterans, and the soldiers replied with the "rebel yell" of half a century ago.

Marching with the soldiers were several hundred of the Sons of Veterans, the Huntington Rifles, of this city; the maida, sponsors and daughters of the Confederacy in carriages, and the city fire department. The band of the Eagle Engine Company and a platoon of police headed the parade. The weather was ideal, a cool wind blowing, and none of the veterans suffered any because of the long march.

The closing business session of the convention was held this morning at the Academy of Music. Speaking to a resolution offered by Major Hunter, recommending that a memorial window be placed in the Soldiers' Home Chapel at Richmond, Judge George L. Christian, of Richmond, paid an eloquent tribute to the Confederate women, and concluded by declaring: "Henry Ward Beecher said that the time would come when the relatives of Confederate soldiers would hang their heads in shame, but I ask you to-day who the memories are most honored, that of the lecher and libertine, Henry Ward Beecher, or the old Confederate soldiers? The day will come when all of the land will pay honor to the memory of the Confederate soldier."

Not Ready to Report.
The committee on Elson's History reported that it had not had time to finish its investigation and compile its report, and the camp directed it to make the report public as soon as it is completed.

Mrs. Andrew Jackson Montague and Mrs. Samuel W. Williams, of the Daughters of the Confederacy, spoke before the camp on the Home for Needy Confederate Women at Richmond, and for the women who cannot get into the home. Mrs. Montague struck a responsive chord in the breasts of the veterans when she appealed, "Do not let the bell of the sixties be beggars of to-day."

A resolution allowing camps that have gotten in arrears in their dues to again become affiliated with the Grand Camp by payment of dues for last year was adopted by the Grand Camp, with dissent.

Before adjourning the camp adopted resolutions thanking the Mayor and the people of this city and Hampton for the courteous welcome extended it.

The sons of Veterans also held their last business session to-day, and pledged themselves to raise money each year for the support of the needy Confederate women. Little other business was transacted.

The reunion came to a final close to-day with the grand ball to the sponsors and maida of honor at the Elks' Home.

DENIES RUMORS OF RESIGNATION

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson Not Preparing to Leave Cabinet.

Washington, October 19.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, who reached here late to-day from Chicago, denied rumors aloft to the effect that he had handed his resignation to President Taft, to take effect November 15, or as soon thereafter as suitable.

"There is absolutely no justification for the rumor," he declared emphatically. "I have no thought of handing in my resignation any time soon."

The secretary was visibly annoyed by the rumor and immediately took steps to disprove it. He stated that the report was so circumstantial that it was published in the evening papers, although complete ignorance of the matter was expressed by the Cabinet officer's son and officials of the Department of Agriculture. The fact that Secretary Wilson was on his way here from Chicago, secretary of Agriculture, but promptly on his arrival he entered a vigorous denial of the report.

Taft Denies It.

Livingston, Mont., October 19.—When informed on his arrival here of the rumors that Secretary of Agriculture Wilson had tendered his resignation, President Taft announced that the reports were without foundation.

Baptists Ask Removal.

Adrian, Mich., October 19.—Michigan Baptists want President Taft to remove from office Secretary of Agriculture Wilson because of his appearance at the brewers' convention at Chicago.

The annual State convention of that denomination to-day adopted a resolution to that effect and forwarded it to E. S. Nicholson, secretary of the Anti-Saloon League at Washington, for presentation to the President.

Money Back Dandruff Cure

Tragle Drug Co. Guarantee Parisian Sage for Dandruff and Falling Hair

Destroy the dandruff germs, that's the only known way to eradicate dandruff and PARISIAN SAGE contains just the ingredients that will destroy germs.

Dandruff causes falling hair and baldness because the little dandruff germs rob the hair roots of the nourishment that should go to supply life, lustre and vigor to the hair.

PARISIAN SAGE costs but 50 cents a bottle at Tragle Co.'s and druggists everywhere. It is guaranteed to banish dandruff, stop falling hair or scalp itch, or money back. The girl with the Auburn hair is on every bottle. It is a most delightful and daintily perfumed dressing that quickly invigorates the scalp.

"My hair was falling out badly until I began to use PARISIAN SAGE, but it looks fine now. My hair was getting very thin, but it is getting thick and wavy."

—Eliza Archer, 60 Church St., Hartford, Conn., June 5

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Reports that the infant Emperor has been taken to Ten Tsin and secretly placed in the foreign concessions are groundless.

The American legation has asked the Chinese government to insure the safe transportation of Americans from the Peking-Hankow Railway zone should disorders develop. Much alarm has been displayed all along the railway

line, owing to the wildest rumors, while no news has been made public to reassure the people.

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Dispatches from Shanghai, asking Peking for news, say the telegraph wires from Hankow to Shanghai are also cut.

Officials of the foreign board reiterate that the recapture of Wu-Chang is only a matter of days.

The province of Szechuen continues to be isolated.

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The refugees declare that the whole Yangtze valley, from Hankow to Shanghai, is in the hands of the rebels, with the possible exception of one or two of the larger cities, to which provincial officials have retired with their available troops. It has been insistently stated here that Kiukiang, 150 miles below Hankow, is under revolutionary control. This is denied, however, by foreign officials and by the representatives of the Chinese customs service.

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